

4th April 2019

EDPS-ENISA Conference

Panel Discussion 1 – Experience in Ireland

Introduction –

- Legislative Frameworks
- Data Breaches definitions, statistics
- Notification and Communication of Personal Data Breaches
- Consequences
- Key Messages from the DPC

Niall J. Cavanagh Assistant Commissioner



The Data Protection Commission

Legislative Frameworks

- General Data Protection Regulation
- Law Enforcement Directive
- Data Protection Act 2018
- [Data Protection Acts 1988 and 2003] s.8 of 2018 Act
- Statutory Instrument No. 336 of 2011 (e-Privacy Regulations)



Technical and organisational measures

Secure the ICT



 Secure the environment/paper based systems



What is a Breach?

Legislative Frameworks

General Data Protection Regulation & LED

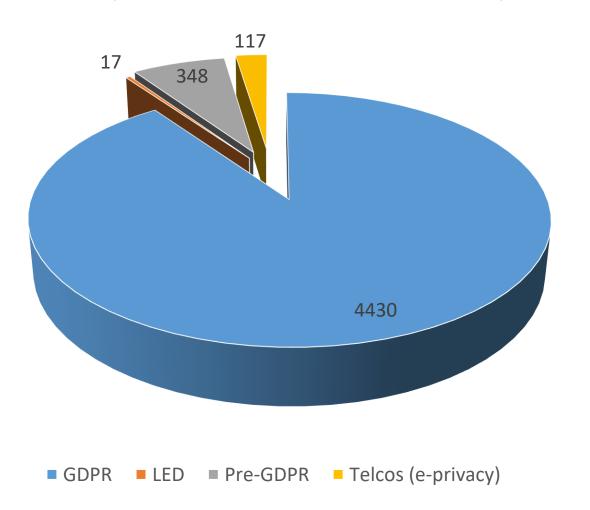
a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed

Statutory Instrument 336 of 2011 (e-Privacy Regulations)

a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed in connection with the provision of a publicly available electronic communications service in the European Union;

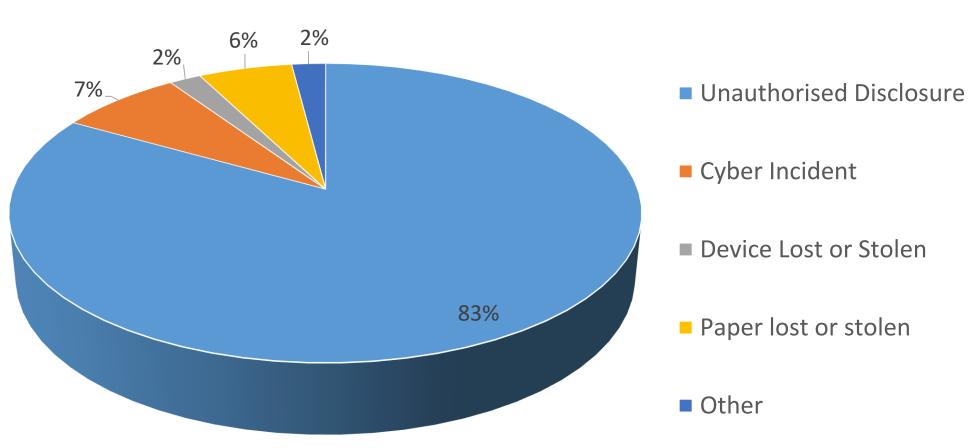


Breaches by Framework since 25 May 2018

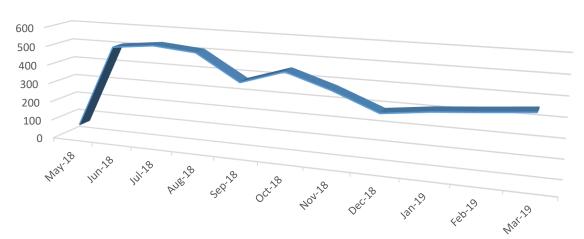




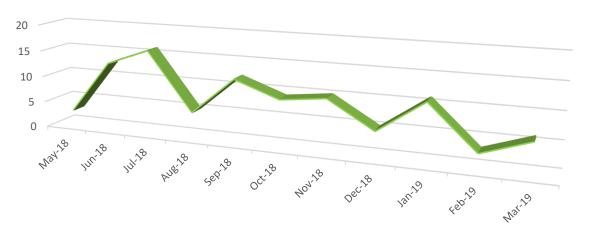




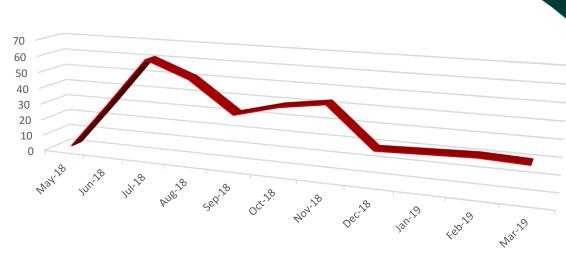
Unauthorised Disclosure



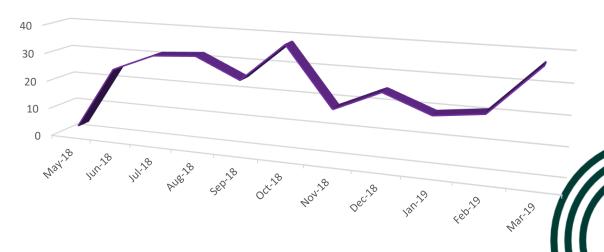
Device Lost or Stolen



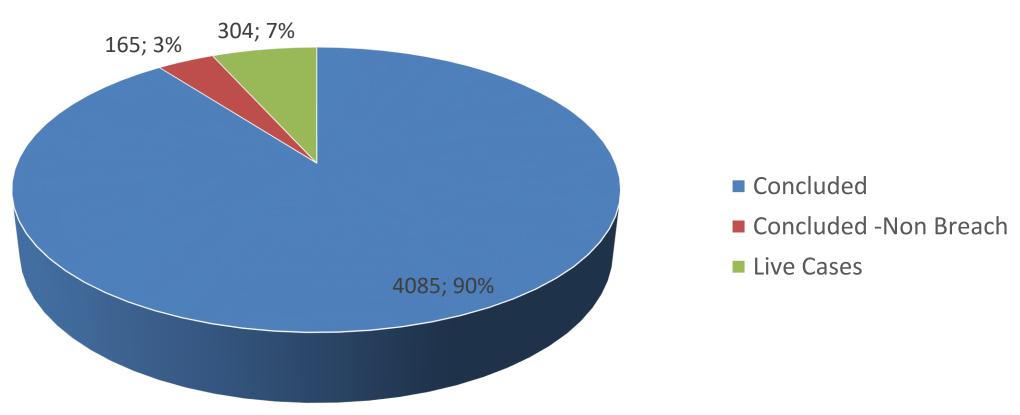


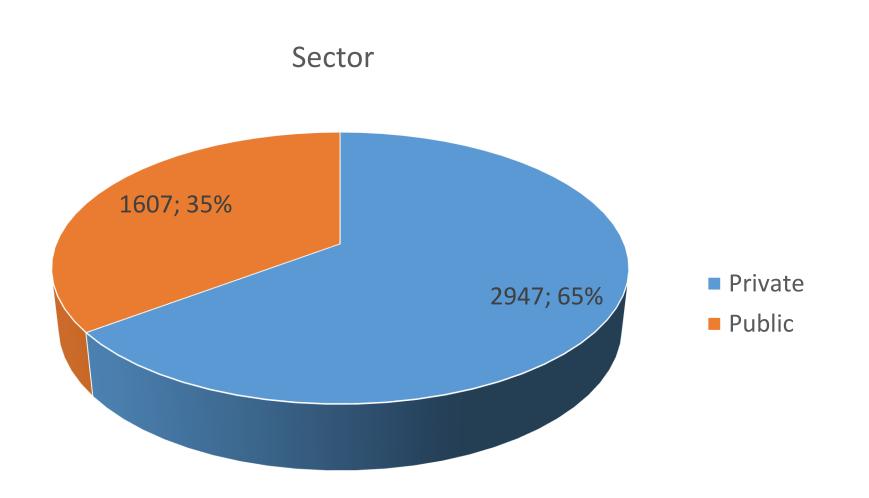


Paper Lost or Stolen









Notification to DPC

- General Data Protection Regulation (Art. 33)
- Law Enforcement Directive (s.86 Data Protection Act 2018)
- e-Privacy Regulations

(S.I. No. 336 of 2011 and

Commission Regulation (EU) No 611/2013)



Notification/Communication Risk Assessment (all frameworks)

Two steps

1. Notify DPC

GDPR & LED: unless the breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms

Middle

of natural persons

ePrivacy: Always

Communicate with Data Subject – (exceptions apply)

GDPR & LED: if there is likely to be a high risk to the rights and freedoms

ePrivacy: if the breach is likely to adversely affect the personal data or privacy of a

subscriber or individual

Case Officer evaluates the self declared risk using

- Qualitative Checklist
- Quantitative Risk Assessment tool







Qualitative Check list

Informed by fields of web based notification form:

Description of the breach incident:					
Was the breach reported within 72 hours of awareness?				Yes / No	
If not, is the explanation feasible / reasonable?	n give	Yes / No / Questionab	le		
Is the possibility of the above processing:			Tick as appropri	iate 🗹	
Giving rise to		Revealing		Evaluating/analysing/pred the following (in order to create/use personal profile	
Discrimination		Racial or ethnic origin		Performance at work	
Identity theft		Political opinions		Economic situation	
Reputation damage		Trade union membership		Location / movements	

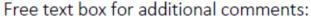


Loss of confidentiality	Health data	Reliability / behaviour / health		
Loss of data	Religion or	Personal preferences /		
protected by official	philosophical beliefs	interests		
secrecy				
Other significant	Criminal convictions /			
economic or social	offences			
disadvantage				
Loss of rights or	Related security			
freedoms	measures			
Loss of control over	Genetic data			
data				
Financial loss				
Are vulnerable people at	Yes / No			
Number of persons affect	[Insert]			
Large amount of data af	Yes / No			
Have the risks to the DS as identified been mitigated				
 Sufficiently 	Yes / No / Questionable			
In a timely mann	Yes / No / Questionable			
Have data subject	Yes / No / Questionable			





Has the DC/DP identified the organisational / technical	Yes / No / Questionable			
deficiencies which led to breach?				
Have sufficient organisation / technical measures been	Yes / No / Questionable			
implemented to address deficiencies identified?				
Are additional organisational / technical measures to be	Yes / No			
implemented:	If yes, insert date and set			
	reminder to secure an update			



Has this DC reported similar breaches in the past?	Yes / No				
Free text box for additional comment:					
	[Close, follow-up action or commence inquiry]				

Rationale for recommendation:

Taking into consideration all of the responses given to the questions on this form do you agree with risk rating of DC Yes / No







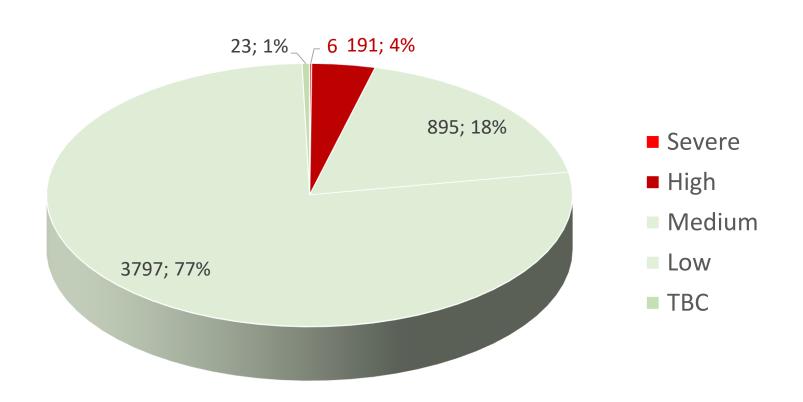
Quantitative Check list

- Applies weighting factors to volume, type of data to achieve a score
- Still requires Case Officer experience and knowledge
- Determines whether there is
 - No risk
 - Risk
 - High Risk



Risk Rating of GDPR Notified Breaches

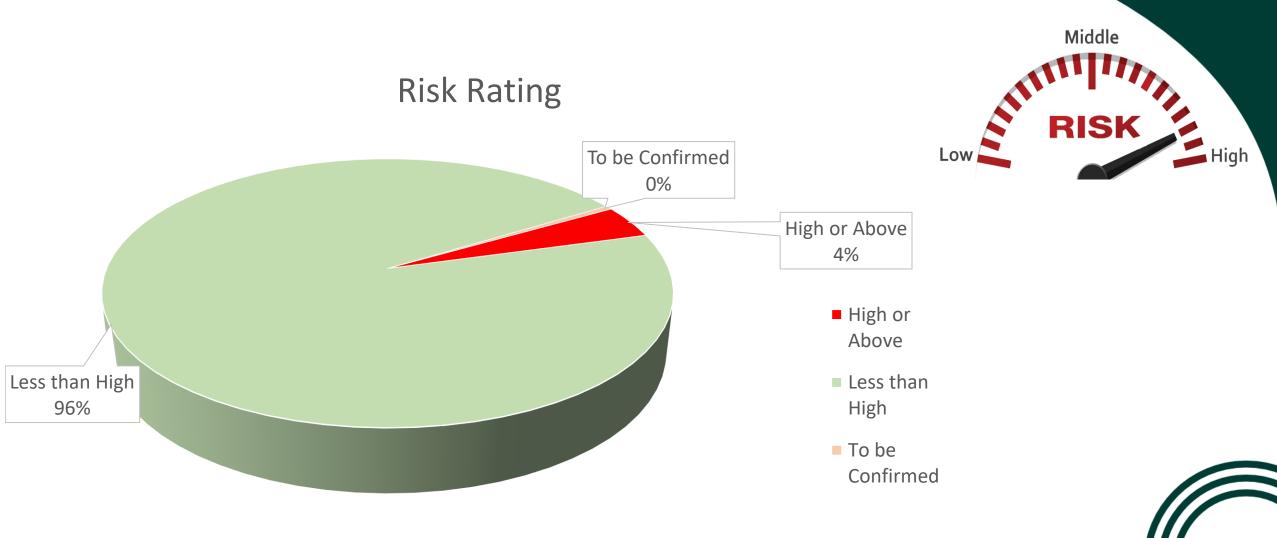
Risk Rating







Risk Rating of GDPR Notified Breaches



Case Studies

- Highly sensitive data about sexual assault postal delivery error
- Human error wrong address on letter
- Loss of unencrypted USB key health data
- Unauthorised disclosure of data to a journalist
- Financial Institution classed a mis-signed cheque as high risk
- Government body handling grant applications had webshell on server
- Creche sent personal financial data of employees and children's data to 32 individuals
- Consulting firm disclosed staff salaries to an employee



Key Messages to controllers

In the event of a personal data breach:

- Report on Time
- Contact data subjects without undue delay
- Clearly describe the issue, the steps taken and the planned steps
- Have a Breach Playbook and train your staff
- Retain your Logs, Record of Processing, Breach Records

